Fighting the COVID-19 Outbreak in Cameroon

The new coronavirus, COVID-19, was first encountered in November 2019. It has gone on to affect over 1,000,000 people in over 209 countries, areas or territories around the world, causing more than 62,000 deaths as of 6 April 2020, reported WHO. On the same date, Cameroon’s active cases had shot up to 650, causing nine deaths within two weeks following detection of the first case, according to covidvisualizer.com. The pandemic is growing exponentially and more lives are lost daily. Understanding the nature of this deadly and fast-spreading disease, and working in unity to fight it, are essential if we are to cap the number of infected persons and flatten the spread curve.

IAEA to Ship Vital Testing Equipment to Countries in the Fight against COVID-19

The International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) is dispatching a first batch of equipment to more than 40 countries to enable them to use a nuclear-derived technique to rapidly detect the coronavirus that causes COVID-19. This emergency assistance is part of the IAEA’s response to requests for support from around 90 Member States in controlling an increasing number of infections worldwide. Showing strong support for the initiative, several countries have announced major funding contributions for the IAEA’s efforts in helping to tackle the
Indeed, the international community has become increasingly divided over the role of nuclear deterrence, the vision of nuclear disarmament and the commitment of states to arms reduction, and the steps required to prevent nuclear weapons use. For these reasons, NTI in 2018 launched the Global Enterprise to Strengthen Nonproliferation and Disarmament (GE)—a multi-year initiative to facilitate a sustained, integrated, and creative dialogue to advance shared interests in support of the NPT’s goals.